

Improving Compliance with Institutional Performance on Train of Four Monitoring

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Train-of-four (TOF) monitoring prevents residual neuromuscular blockade and has been shown to reduce pulmonary complications as well as recovery room length of stay

Routine application of neuromuscular monitoring remained low which represented a gap between clinical practice and research-driven guidelines. A Quality Improvement (QI) Project was created to evaluate TOF monitoring performance and consensus guideline adherence.











Identified Barriers to TOF monitoring:

- Issues with equipment/technology
- Differences in provider preferences
- Frequency of handovers

QI Project Results and Outcomes:

- The combination of RedCap Surveys, MPOG reports, and QuizTime learning improved TOF monitoring from 42% to 70%
- This change reflects a significant increase in delivery of guidance-concordant patient care
- Future studies will focus on sustaining adherence and investigating its impact on the rate of postoperative pulmonary complications